Electronic Supplementary Material

Generation of a Stable GFP-reporter Zika Virus System for High-throughput Screening of Zika Virus Inhibitors

Jing-Wei Zhang¹ • Han Wang¹ • Jing Liu¹ • Le Ma¹ • Rong-Hong Hua¹ □ • Zhi-Gao Bu¹,2 □

- 1.State Key Laboratory of Veterinary Biotechnology, Harbin Veterinary Research Institute of Chinese Academy of Agricultural Sciences, Harbin 150069, China
- 2 Jiangsu Co-Innovation Centre for Prevention and Control of Important Animal Infectious Disease and Zoonoses, Yangzhou University, Yangzhou 150069, China

Supporting information to DOI: 10.1007/s12250-020-00316-0

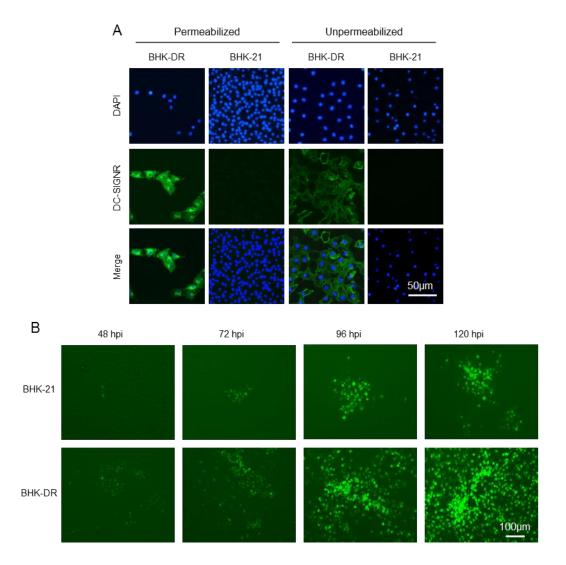


Fig S1. BHK-DR cells promote the replication of ZIKV-GFP (related to Fig. 2). **A** Immunofluorescence analysis of DC-SIGNR expression in BHK-DR cells. After transfection, the clone-selected cells were seeded in 24-well plates. After 24 h incubation at 37°C, the cells were fixed with paraformaldehyde, unpermeabilized or permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 and then probed with MAb against DC-SIGN1/DC-SIGN2 (Sigma, D2691). Nuclei were stained with DAPI. **B** Representative green fluoresence image of BHK-21 cells and BHK-DR cells at indicated time post inoculation with supernatants of transfected 293T cells.

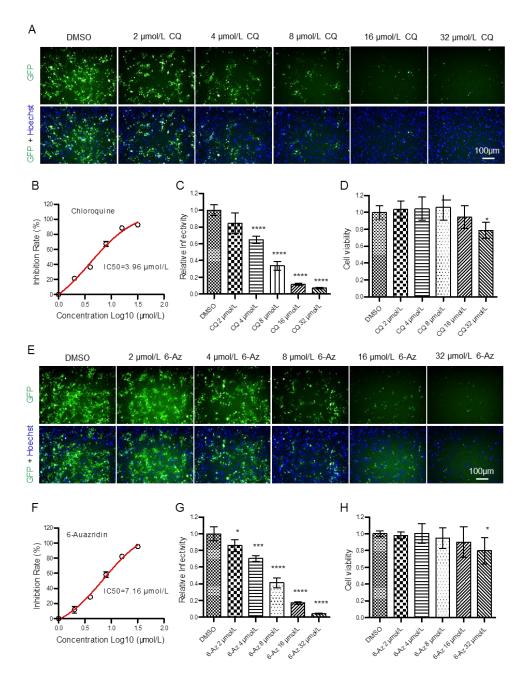


Fig. S2. Evaluation of reporter virus ZIKV-GFP infection with known inhibitors of ZIKV and WNV for antiviral drug screening. To evaluate the efficacy of the recombinant reporter virus ZIKV-GFP for antiviral drug screening, a known ZIKV inhibitor chloroquine and a WNV inhibitor, 6-azauridine, were used in an antiviral screening assay. Representative fluorescence images showing virus-infected cells (green) and nuclei (blue) are shown for the indicated concentrations of chloroquine (A) or 6-azauridine (E). Dose-response curves showing the effect of chloroquine (B) or 6-azauridine (F) treatment on virus infection in BHK-DR cells. The virus infectivity of cells treated with chloroquine (C) or 6-azauridine (G) was analyzed and compared with that of vehicle-treated cells. The cell viability of cells treated with chloroquine (D) or 6-azauridine (H) were also analyzed. Data are the means from two independent experiments performed in triplicate. Statistical significances were determined by one-way ANOVA (* P < 0.05; *** P < 0.001; **** P < 0.0001).

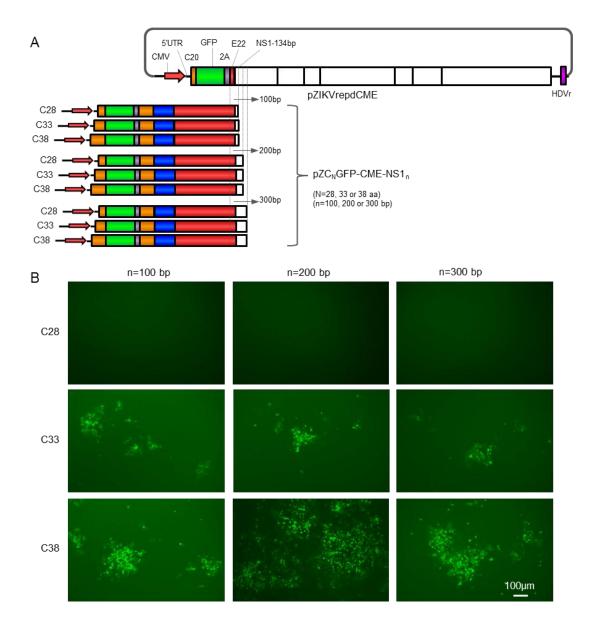


Fig. S3. Optimization of the rescue strategy of ZIKV-GFP infection via homologous recombination. **A** Schematic diagrams of ZIKV replicon plasmids and constructs containing different lengths of C protein encoding sequences and overlapping sequences with the *NSI* gene. **B** Representative green fluoresence image of BHK-21 cells at 6 dpi with supernatants of 293T cells transfected with the indicated DNA pairs.