

Electronic Supplementary Material

A Novel 2-dimensional Multiplex qPCR Assay for Single-Tube Detection of Nine Human Herpesviruses

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Table S1. Primers and probes used for the single-tube nonuple qPCR assay for eight human herpes viruses and one reference gene GAPDH.

Target	Primers (F/R)/Probes (P)	Sequence (5'-3')	Amplicon Size (bp)
HSV-1	P ^a	HEX-CCATACCGACCACACCGACGAATC-BHQ2	72
	F ^a	CGGCCGTGTGACACTATCG	
HSV-2	R ^a	CTCGTAAAATGGCCCCTCC	111
	P ^a	TXR-CGCGGAGACATTCGAGTACCAGATCG-BHQ2	
VZV	F ^a	CGCTCTCGTAAATGCTTCCCT	201
	R ^a	TCTACCCACAACAGACCCACG	
EBV	P ^b	HEX-TGTCTTTTCACGGAGGCAAACACGT-BHQ2	90
	F ^b	AACTTTTACATCCAGCCTGGCG	
HCMV	R ^b	GAAAACCCAAACCGTTCTCGAG	67
	P ^b	CY5-TGTACACGCACGAGAAATGCGCC-BHQ3	
HHV-6	F ^b	CGGAAGCCCTCTGGACTTC	176
	R ^b	CCCTGTTTATCCGATGGAATG	
HHV-7	P ^c	VIC-CACCCTGCTTCCGAC-MGB	126
	F ^c	ACCGTCTGCGCAATGTTA	
KSHV	R ^c	TCGCAGATGAGCAGCTTCTG	97
	P ^b	CY5-AGCAGCTGGCGAAAAGTGCTGTGC-BHQ3	
GAPDH	F ^b	GACAATCACATGCCTGGATAATG	145
	R ^b	TGTAAGCGTGTGGTAATGGACTAA	
GAPDH	P ^b	TXR-CTCGCAGATTGCTTGTGGCCATG-BHQ2	145
	F ^b	CGGAAGTCACTGGAGTAATGACAA	
GAPDH	R ^b	CCAATCCTTCCGAAACCGAT	145
	P ^d	CY5-TCGTAACCCCGTCTACTTTCCCG-BHQ3	
GAPDH	F ^d	TCGGTGGCGATGCTTTAGAC	145
	R ^d	TGAAGCAGACGATGCTTTGC	
GAPDH	P	TXR-TTGTTGCCATCAATGACCCCTTCATTG-BHQ2	145
	F	CTGCTTTTAACTCTGGTAAAGTGG	
GAPDH	R	ATGACAAGCTTCCCCTTCTCA	145

The final concentrations of primers and probes were 0.1 $\mu\text{mol/L}$ and 0.04 $\mu\text{mol/L}$, respectively.

The actual T_m of each amplicon was determined by 10 replicates. F, forward primer; R, reverse primer; P, probe.

^a Primers or probes were selected or modified from a previous study by Weidmann *et al.* (Weidmann *et al.*, 2008).

^b Primers or probes were selected or modified from a previous study by Sugita *et al.* (Sugita *et al.*, 2008).

^c Primers or probes were selected or modified from a previous study by Slavov *et al.* (Slavov *et al.*, 2016).

^d Primers or probes were selected or modified from a previous study by Stamey *et al.* (Stamey *et al.*, 2001).

Table S2. Comparison of predicted and actual T_m values.

Fluorescence channel	Target	Theoretical T _m (°C)	Actual T _m of cloned target (°C)	Actual T _m of clinical samples (°C)
HEX	HSV-1	80.79 (80.55-81.31)	83.06 (83.01-83.13)	82.91 (82.51-83.23)
	VZV	86.33 (86.14-86.5)	86.23 (86.18-86.31)	86.12 (85.92-86.26)
	HCMV	84.48 (83.90-84.5)	83.99 (83.89-84.11)	84.13 (83.79-84.21)
CY5	EBV	82.71 (82.38-82.98)	82.76 (82.59-82.85)	82.67 (82.59-82.79)
	HHV-6A/B	80.19 (79.53-80.95)	78.96 (78.93-79.01)	-
	KSHV	85.24 (84.8-85.3)	84.72 (84.68-84.77)	84.83 (84.69-84.92)
Texas red	HSV-2	87.54 (87.29-87.8)	87.88 (87.82-87.97)	87.8 (87.74-87.88)
	HHV-7	81.14 (80.29-81.21)	79.71 (79.65-79.79)	79.78 (79.61-80.31)

Note: The mean T_m is shown for each HHV with the scope range in parenthesis. The theoretical T_m values were predicted using all available unique sequences in amplicon area. The T_m values of cloned target were obtained by ten replicates of the plasmid carrying HHV genomic segment.

Fig. S1. Adaptability of the single-tube nonuple qPCR assay to co-existing HHVs and the internal reference (GAPDH). **A** Co-existing targets detected by the same color probe are distinguished by two different T_m peaks; **B** Co-existing targets with similar T_m values are detected by two different color amplification curves; **C** Co-existing targets are distinguished by different color probes and different T_m peaks. In panel (C), the melting curve of mixed template of HSV-2, HHV-7 and GAPDH was shown as the T_m reference (green line). The T_m of each target is shown in parenthesis.

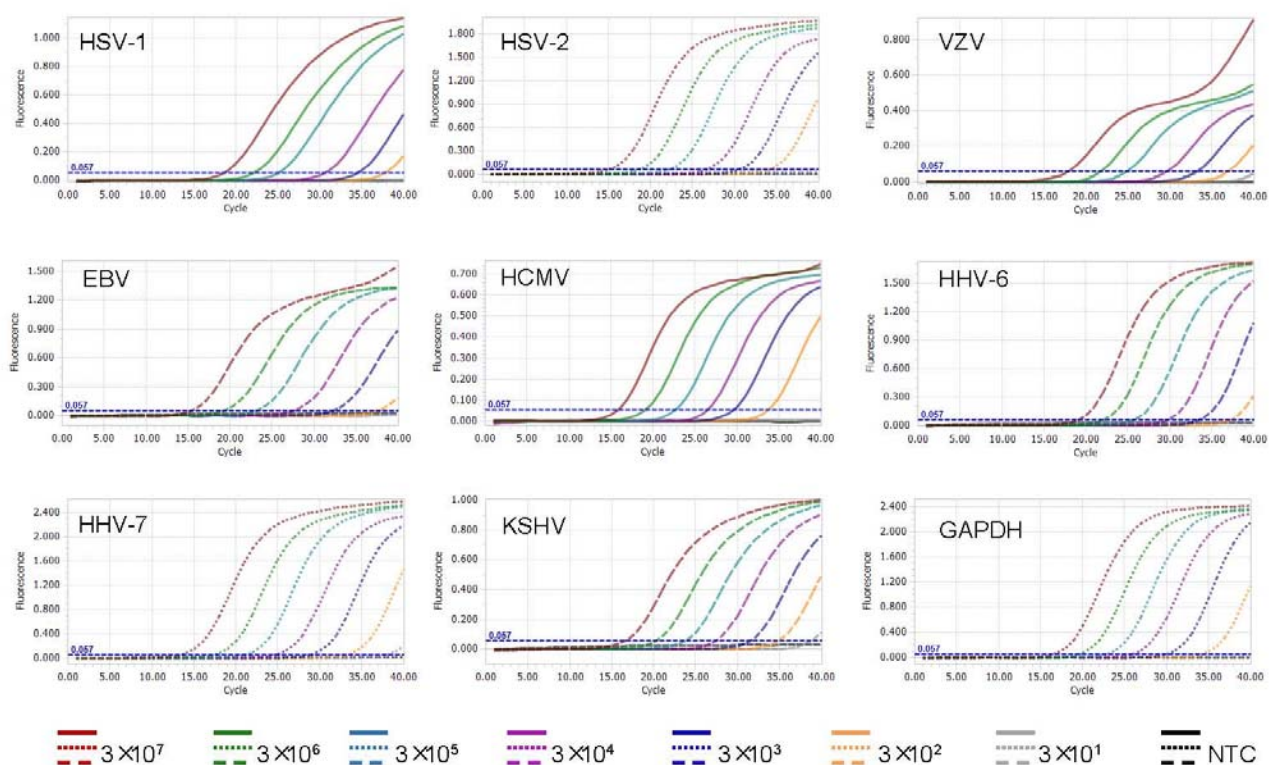


Fig. S2. Analytical sensitivity of the multiplex qPCR assay. NTC: non-template control.

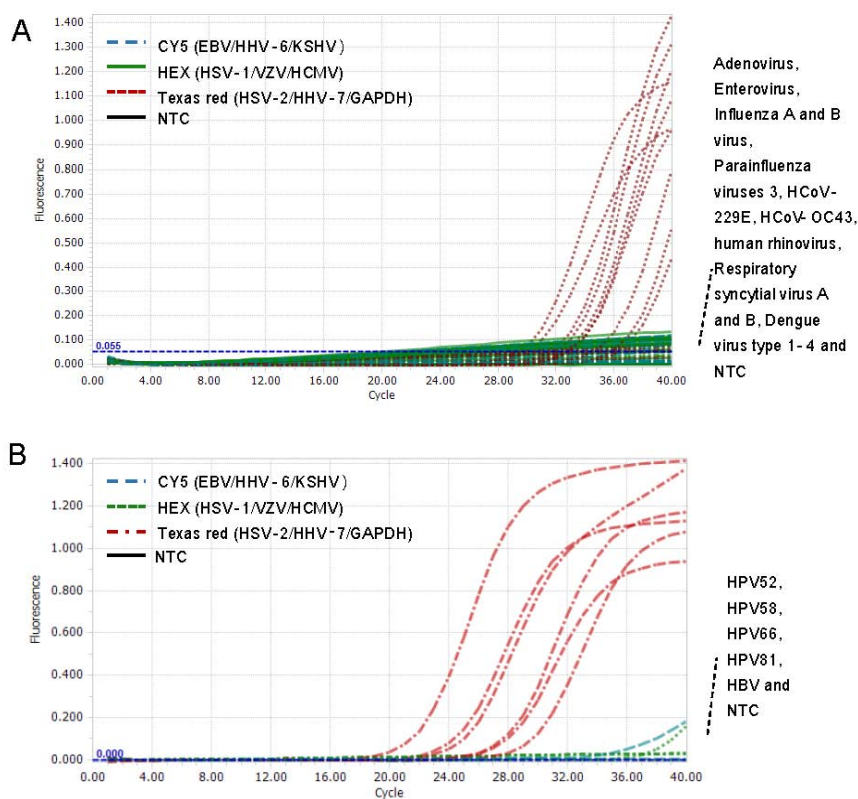


Fig. S3. Specificity of the multiplex qPCR assay. The common human viruses used in this assay include adenovirus, enterovirus; influenza A and B viruses, parainfluenza virus type 3, HCoV-229E, HCoV-OC43, human rhinovirus, respiratory syncytial virus A and B, dengue virus type 1-4, HPV52, HPV58, HPV66, HPV81, and HBV. NTC: non-template control.

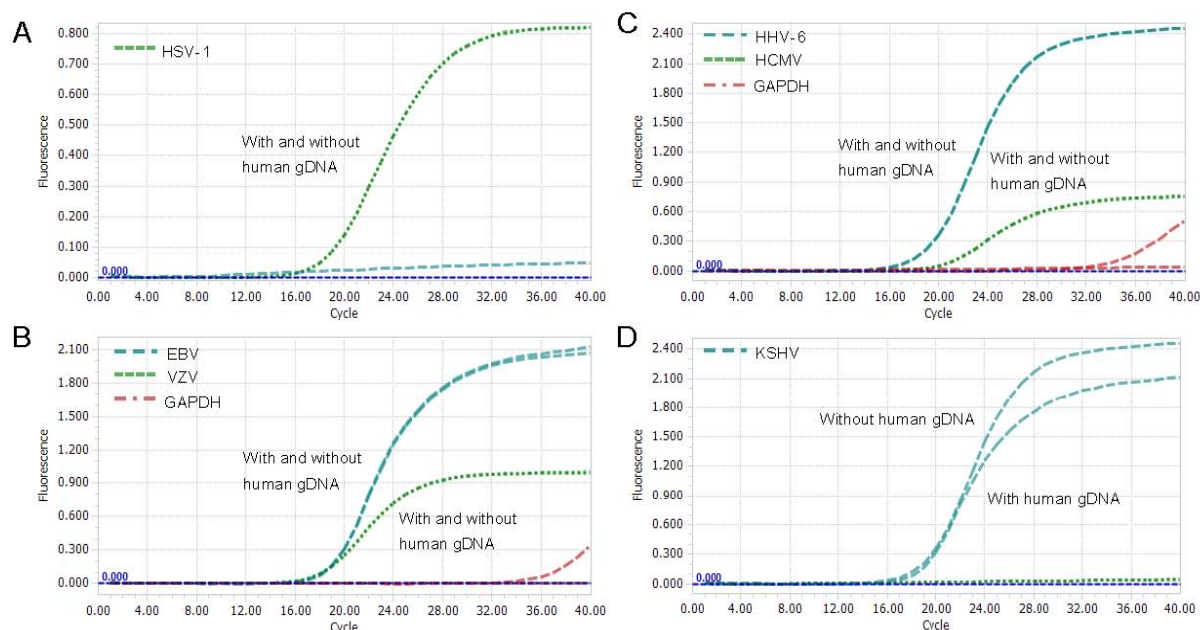


Fig. S4. The influence of human gDNA on the amplification of the multiplex qPCR assay. The amplification curves of HSV-1, VZV, EBV, HCMV, and HHV-6 were completely overlapped between the plasmid input with and without human gDNA. The results of HSV-2 and HHV-7 are not available since they shared same fluorescent channel with GAPDH. Each reaction used 3.56 ng of human genomic DNA.

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